In a world of increasing complexity, many people want to “short-hand” a way of knowing who to trust. This is especially true when it comes to investing money. Unfamiliar with how our financial markets work, too many people don’t know how to thoroughly research an investment and its salesperson. So, many fall prey to affinity group fraud in which a con artist claims to be a member of the same ethnic, religious, career or community-based group. "You can trust me," says the scamster, "because I’m like you. We share the same background and interests … and I can help you make money!"

if the con artist is not a member of the group, another equally effective pitch is to lull members into a misplaced trust by first selling to a few prominent members, then pitching the scam to the rest by using the names of those previously sold. The effect is the same: once the connection to the group is understood, the natural skepticism of the individual member is overcome, and another “group name” is added to the sales column.

Once a victim realizes that he or she has been scammed, too often the response is not to notify the authorities, but to try instead to solve problems within the group. Swindlers who prey on minority groups play the loyalty angle for all its worth.

With immigration at levels not seen since early this century, many new arrivals to our country are seen by financial swindlers as ripe for the picking. Immigrant groups are particularly vulnerable to this type of fraud because they are sometimes isolated from the larger community and their flow of information may be limited because of language and other barriers.

Religious affinity group fraud also continues to be a widespread problem, according to state securities regulators. Swindlers who prey upon people of their own religion come in all denominations.

Some members of long-established minority groups have accumulated savings and achieved a certain standard of living through many years of hard work. Often, they want to "give back" to the community in order to help others like themselves. However, such desires often make these group members sitting ducks for deceitful con artists who, despite sharing the same ethnicity or culture, are really motivated solely by greed.
How to Avoid Affinity Group Fraud

- Beware of the use of names or testimonials from other group members. Scam artists frequently pay out high returns to early investors using money from later arrivals. Accordingly, early investors may be wildly enthusiastic about a scheme that may collapse entirely once you’ve invested.

- Obtain a prospectus or other form of written information that details the risks in the investment and procedures to get your money out.

- Ask for professional advice from a neutral outside expert not in your group -- an accountant, attorney or financial planner -- to evaluate the investment.

- Ask your state or provincial securities agency for help. Before investing any money, call your local securities agency in order to learn more about the salesperson and firm. The simplest inquiry is to ask if they are registered to do business in your state. And is the investment allowed to be sold. If one or the other is not registered, that is a sure warning to inquire further. Don’t take the word of a salesperson! Check out the investment yourself.

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